Each day, discovery.



**Learning Support Policy** 

Last reviewed: September 2025



# **Version Control Information**

Reason for Amendment	Name	Date	Main changes	
Annual Review	DCR	January 2017	Combined Junior and Senior School policies into one document  Clarified charging arrangements.	
Review of EAL provision	DCR	June 2017	Clarification of the arrangements for students with English as an Additional Language- Section 13	
Recommendations of ISI Inspector	AMM	February 2018	Removal of conditional tenses	
Annual Review	CPG/NT	March 2019	References to Pupil Passports and in class support	
Annual Review	CPG/NT/ AMM	March 2020	Updated information about assessment and access arrangements	
Annual Review	CPG/JCD/ AMM	April 2021	To reflect new staffing structure and in class support	
Annual Review	AMM	September 2022	Updated staffing structure	
Annual Review	AMM	August 2023	Updated related policies	
Review of structure	KRS	September 2023	Amendments to structure and staffing section	
Minor clarifications	Bursar	January 2024		
Annual Review	JCD/KLN	August 2024	In line with current practice.	
Annual Review	KLN	September 2025	SS: section 9 – amended methods of assessment used in SS	

# **Other Related Documents**

- Special Educational Needs and Disability Code of Practice: 0-25yrs (2015)
- Keeping Children Safe in Education, 2023
- Equality Act 2010;
- Children and Families Act 2014.



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### 0 Introduction

Learning support within Eltham College is based on the recommendations from the 0-25 SEND Code of Practice, which sets clear expectations on schools to deliver a whole school approach to SEND, with good quality teaching as a first response and a clear focus on outcomes.

The principles of the Code of Practice 2015 take into account the views of students and their families, ensures a joint collaborative approach among professionals in education, health and social care. It focuses on inclusive practices and the removal of barriers to learning and prepares young people for adulthood. It takes a holistic approach to supporting the young person.

This policy takes account of the Local Offer provided by Bromley LEA. Services across education, health and social care are to be jointly commissioned.

#### 1 Definitions

According to the 2015 Code of Practice, a child has special educational needs if they have learning difficulties that call for special educational provision to be made. A child has learning difficulties if they:

- Have a significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of students of the same age;
- Have a disability which prevents or hinders the child from making the use of educational facilities at school;

The school takes note of the Special Educational Needs and Disability Act 2001 which prohibits all schools from discriminating against disabled students in their admissions arrangements and the education provided by the school for its students. Reasonable adjustments must be made to accommodate the needs of students with SEN.

### 2 Equal Opportunities

Eltham College acknowledges its duties within the Equal Opportunities Act and the Special Educational Needs and Disability Act and this is set out set out in the school's Ethos and Aims, Pastoral Care policies. The care for each student is central to the school's aims and provision. We recognise the importance of:

- Students developing an understanding of the views and rights of groups to which they do not belong and that this is an important part of learning to live in society;
- Learning to understand and respect differences of gender, race, religion, age, ability and disability and social disadvantage;
- Providing, through the behaviour of the staff, towards each other and towards students, an
  example that will encourage students to grow up conscious of the importance of equal
  opportunities and respect for others;
- Respecting the cultural and ethnic diversity of students, parents and staff, welcoming the
  enrichment of the environment which this brings, and of fostering positive attitudes towards our
  multi-cultural society;
- Learning about equal opportunities as an integral part of the curriculum.

### 3 SEND Aims of the School

- To identify and support students with specific educational needs through a whole school approach, whilst working in partnership with parents and any other relevant outside agencies;
- To ensure that all students have access to a broad and balanced curriculum;
- To provide a differentiated curriculum appropriate to the individual's needs and abilities;



- To ensure that students with SEND have the opportunity to take a full part in all school activities;
- To ensure that parents and carers of students with SEND are kept informed of their child's progress and attainment;
- Actively, to reduce barriers to achievement.

We assess each student as required and make appropriate provision based upon their identified needs.

# 4 Special Educational Provision Means:

Provision which is additional to or different from that made generally for students of the same age. At Eltham College, this may include for example, additional learning support within lessons provided by a member of the Learning Support Department, additional, individual or small group learning support lessons provided by a member of the Learning Support Department, friendship groups for social and communication skills and targeted support. Occasionally, this provision may be supplemented by sessions with an appropriate member of the pastoral team.

# 5 Roles and Responsibilities

Eltham College has a Head of Learning Support in the Junior School and a Head of Learning Support (Assistant Head) in the Senior School. All staff are accountable to the Head of Learning Support in each school for the effective implementation of this policy. The Learning Support Department is line managed by the Deputy Head Academic. Additionally, the schools' employ Learning Support Assistants (LSAs) who work in the Senior and Junior Schools.

### The Heads of Learning Support in the Senior School and Junior School:

- Oversee the day to day operation of policy;
- Co-ordinate provision of students with SEND or students who are identified as needing targeted support (these students do not necessarily have a specific learning difficulty but may have a need identified by the teacher);
- Keep an up to date register of students with SEND;
- Attend pastoral meetings as appropriate;
- Maintain effective records such as student profiles, pupil passports, appropriate targets and review of progress;
- Broaden their professional development and members of the team;
- Liaise with external agencies;
- Liaise with parents;
- Manage the work of the Learning Support Assistants;
- Manage screening or conduct initial assessments to identify students with SEND (Year 3, Year 7, 9 and Year 12 or students who may join later);
- Give advice to colleagues and liaise between Junior and Senior school, particularly over transition;
- Keep up to date with changes in legislation and policy and effective interventions;
- Support or train new and existing staff as required, give regular updates at staff meetings.
- Identify and maintain resources as appropriate;
- Meet regularly with SLT;
- Provide the relevant evidence for access arrangements in school and public examinations.
- Conduct annual EHCP review meetings and deploy resources.



#### **Learning Support Assistants:**

- Assist the Heads of Learning Support in the Senior and Junior Schools to ensure that the diverse learning needs of students are met through focused in class support, tailored programmes of individual one to one and/or group support;
- Work with class teachers in whole class settings, on a one-to-one basis with individuals and with groups of students on the Learning Support Register or those needing support, to ensure that their academic potential is fulfilled;
- Undertake record keeping and general administration relating to students on the Learning Support register.
- Administer the dyslexia screening tests.
- Promote our ethos whereby the personal development of the whole child is the shared common goal;
- Contribute, as appropriate, to any existing Education and Health Care Plans (EHC Plans) and Annual Review of supported students;
- Assist in the development of student passports (profiles that summarise their needs and preferences);
- Assist in reviewing student progress;
- Contribute to the administration of access arrangements;
- Meet with parents as required;
- Liaise with teaching staff and members of the pastoral team to ensure the academic progress and well-being of students;

### **Teaching Staff:**

- Are responsible and accountable for the progress of the students in their classes, including where students are supported by specialist staff;
- Know how to access information about students with SEND;
- Are aware that high quality, differentiated teaching is the first step in responding to students' needs;
- Know how to refer students for support;
- Liaise with the relevant Head of Learning Support in the Junior or Senior School;
- Note the central tenet of the SEND Code of Practice (2015), namely that 'high quality teaching,
  differentiated for individual pupils, is the first step in responding to pupils who have or may have
  SEN';
- Receive training as appropriate from the Heads of Learning Support that explains the school's systems and structures.

#### **Role of Parents**

The school works closely with parents to support their child and has much to contribute in the support of students with SEND. Where parents are concerned, they should contact the Form Tutor in the first instance.

In some circumstances, the school will recommend a referral to an external professional, such as an educational psychologist. **Any decision to involve outside agencies must involve the school.** Any



parent wishing to pursue an external assessment should contact the Learning Support Department in order to receive information on how this process works and for a list of recommended assessors where there is a trusted working relationship with the school. Please be aware that, in line with the Joint Council for Qualifications (JCQ) regulations, the school may not be able to accept reports carried out by assessors with whom such a relationship does not exist. Having liaised with the school about this process it is the responsibility of the parent to make the referral.

The school ensures that there is regular communication regarding <u>progress</u>, and this takes the form of parents' evenings and written reports. In the Junior School, there will be an end of year meeting for Year 6 parents to review progress and set targets to enable a smooth transition to the senior school.

#### **Governing Body**

The Governing Body has due regard to the Code of Practice when carrying out its duties. Governors are updated periodically through the Junior and Senior School Committees on the implementation of this policy.

#### 6 Admissions

All students with SEND or an Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP) are welcome to apply for a place at Eltham College in line with the school admissions policy. Pupils must be able to pass the assessment criteria once appropriate access arrangements have been put in place, in line with JCQ criteria, and where the school can provide for the pupil's needs by making reasonable adjustments. In considering whether to offer a place at the school to those who pass the assessment criteria, due regard will be had to ensuring that students who could be admitted would be able to access the curriculum with the appropriate level of support that is available at the School.

### 7 Identification, Assessment and Provision

Early identification is key. The school will use appropriate screening and assessment tools to identify students with specific needs.

#### **Junior School**

Some of the students joining Eltham College may have already had their needs assessed. These students will be placed on a register of students with learning support needs and a student profile will be formulated between the Head of Learning Support, Form Tutor and parents to provide the appropriate level of support needed for that individual. The plan will include targets and recommendations which will be decided with the parents and student.

#### **Year 3 Screening**

- Screening for specific learning difficulties e.g. dyslexia in the first term;
- Further assessment in consultation with parents;
- Collating evidence from the teacher;
- Lesson observations;
- Further detailed assessments for specific students identified through screening (e.g. Dyslexia Portfolio);
- Formal assessment by an external professional;
- Listening to parent and student concerns;
- For higher levels of needs, specialised assessments may be used from an occupational therapist, psychiatrist, paediatric specialist, visual or hearing impairment staff;



Screening in the Junior School is the responsibility of the Junior School Head of Learning Support.

The results of these findings provide the basis for the pupil passport.

#### **Senior School**

- Standardised assessment tools such as MIDYIS, YELLIS, ALIS and Lucid Exact.
- In-school exam access arrangement screening conducted by the Head of Learning Support
- Full assessments completed by an appropriately qualified specialist teacher or educational psychologist who has an established relationship with the centre, in line with the regulations set by The Joint Council for Qualifications (JCQ). Prior to assessment, the school must have provided background information to the assessor to ensure that the school and the assessor are working together to ensure a joined up and consistent process.
- Evidence based upon student progress, expectations of progress and appropriate data where available. This will include high quality and accurate formative assessment;
- Evidence obtained by teacher observation/assessment;
- Listening to parent and student concerns;
- For higher levels of needs, specialised assessments may be used from an occupational therapist, psychiatrist, paediatric specialist, visual or hearing impairment staff;
- Screening in the Senior School is led by the Senior School Head of Learning Support

The results of these findings will provide the basis for the pupil passport.

#### Identification at any other stage

- By Form Tutor or subject teacher using high quality formative assessments;
- Informal assessment by a specialist teacher in school;
- Formal assessment by an external professional, who has an established relationship with the centre, working closely with the school as delineated above.
- The results of these findings provide the basis for the pupil passport.

Once a learning need is identified, a pupil passport will be written and circulated to teachers and parents. This will identify strengths and learning needs and will be reviewed regularly. Where possible, the pupil passport will be written in the pupil's voice and will be disseminated to teachers and parents. The student will be entered onto the SEND register and their progress will be monitored with targeted support provided should parents and students choose this.

# 8 Monitoring and Progress

Adequate progress is that which:

- Narrows the attainment gap between the student and their peers;
- Equals or improves upon the student's previous rate of progress;
- Ensures full access to the curriculum;
- Shows an improvement in independence, social or personal skills;
- Shows improvements in the student's behaviour;
- Is likely to lead to further education, training or employment.

Progress in school is monitored by a range of methods:

 Observations of pupils within the classroom environment by the appropriate Head of Learning Support;



- Work scrutiny and reviewing student's work by the appropriate Head of Learning Support (working with key departments or year groups, with a specific focus for the work scrutiny);
- Informal feedback from staff;
- Monitoring of targets (either set by the subject teacher or the specialist teacher);
- Listening to the views of parents;
- Listening and consulting with the views of students when reviewing progress;
- Tracking and reviewing aptitude grades and attainment grades regularly;
- Liaising with key staff in pastoral meetings;
- Formal assessment of reading and spelling skills using standardised tests where appropriate;
- Feedback from Learning Support Assistants working within whole class settings.

# 9 Education Health Care Plan (EHC Plan)

If a student continues to have significant difficulties and the School has taken relevant and purposeful action to meet the needs of the young person, parents or the school can request an Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP) needs assessment with the Local Authority. Parents are fully supported at every stage of this process.

#### 10 Provision

The main methods of provision offered by the School (and which form the basis of the consideration of applications at the point of admission) are:

- Full time education in classes with additional help and support by the subject teacher through differentiation, often informed by Pupil Passports;
- Targeted in-class support;
- Occasional periods of withdrawal to work with a member of the Learning Support Department or another member of staff for literacy, study skills, numeracy skills or social and communication skills; in the Junior school, participation in English or Maths booster groups.
- A graduated approach identified in appendix 1. This sets out what is considered to be available to all, what is considered to be targeted support and what is specialist support;
- The school's SEND support is underpinned by the four-part cycle: assess, plan, do and review.

### 11 Access Arrangements for Examinations

#### **Exam Board Regulations**

Regulations for access arrangements are determined by the Joint Council for Qualifications (JCQ) and other relevant awarding bodies such as Cambridge Assessment International Education.

Access arrangements allow candidates with specific needs to access the assessment and show what they know and can do without changing the demands of the assessment. In line with the Equality Act 2010, awarding bodies make reasonable adjustments where a candidate would be at a substantial disadvantage in comparison to someone who is not disabled. In order to justify the requirement for a specific access arrangement, the centre must demonstrate how a candidate would be at a substantial disadvantage in comparison to someone who is not



disabled if the arrangement were not in place. The arrangement must be the normal way of working and appropriate to their needs.

As an Examinations Centre, the school is required to ensure that any adjustments are based upon appropriate evidence of need and must not unreasonably advantage a candidate for whom significant evidence of need is not apparent.

### **Access Arrangements for Pupils at the School**

Whilst external reports undertaken prior to a pupil's arrival at Eltham College do not provide automatic evidence of need for access arrangements a GCSE and A level, they do form an important part of a pupil's history of need and provision and should be submitted to the Head of Learning Support as soon as possible. A member of the Learning Support Department will liaise with the pupil and parents to organise appropriate support. Students in Year 7 and new students in Year 9 and the Lower Sixth are screened in the first few weeks of the Michaelmas term providing further evidence of specific needs.

The school's assessment, monitoring and tracking systems allow the school to make a reasoned decision based upon our experience of a pupil for GCSE and A level courses. Testing, examinations and feedback from teachers enable the school to identify and build up a picture of need for any pupil who may require examination access arrangements for public examinations. The Assistant Head, Head of Learning Support in the Senior School meets with and assesses each student who may require access arrangements, usually in Year 9. In line with JCQ regulations, no assessment carried out prior to the start of Year 9 can be used to apply for access arrangements in public examinations, including those carried out by our recommended specialist assessors or Educational Psychologists. In cases where there is no previous full diagnostic assessment in place for a student, at this point in the Middle School, an assessment by a recommended assessor who has an established working relationship with the school may be appropriate. The school may not be able to accept reports carried out by assessors with whom such a relationship does not exist.

Given the importance of building up a picture of need over a period of time, normally more than one term is needed to make a final decision regarding access arrangements. The JCQ deadline for processing of access arrangements by schools is 21<sup>st</sup> February, prior to a series of public examinations, except in cases of a temporary injury or impairment, or a diagnosis of a disability or manifestation of an impairment relating to an existing disability arising after the deadline. Decisions regarding access arrangements rest with the school.



### 13 Charging

There is no charge for additional support where students have been identified as requiring additional support and are on the Learning Support register and where that need can be met by our current specialist staffing and provision. Parents will be liable for the full cost of a full diagnostic report, and any other specialist provision that falls outside our current provision.

# 14 Students with English as an Additional Language (EAL)

We recognise that EAL is not a specific learning need but that students with EAL may require support with their language acquisition. Identification of EAL needs begins at the admissions stage and the screening process at key entry points provides an additional indicator of possible difficulties. Responsibility thereafter lies within the English department. However, the Learning Support team will work alongside English teachers to offer guidance and may contribute towards the support of students with EAL if this is considered appropriate. Teachers are provided with strategies to support them in specific actions that promote the development of language acquisition in class.

On admission, parents are asked whether their children predominantly speak another language at home and the first language they acquired. The first spoken language is recorded.

# **15 Learning Support Homework**

There is no set homework allocation for this subject.

# 16 Record Keeping

It is the responsibility of the Head of Learning Support to keep up to date records of students. These will be in the form of:

- Individual pupil passports which are made available to all teaching staff;
- Individual target and review records;
- Programmes of study as appropriate to the needs of the student;
- SEND register;
- Teaching notes, target and review records;
- Written reports to parents as per the school reporting schedule.

### 17 Working in Partnership with Parents

The school has regular meetings to share the progress students with additional needs with their parents. The process of decision-making is shared by providing clear information relating to the education of these students. Any decision to involve outside intervention will be made together with the parents and it will be their responsibility to seek a referral.

In the Junior School there is regular communication with the Head of Learning Support including by email, at formal parents evenings, attendance at the new parents welcome evening and meet the tutor



evenings. In the Senior School, there is a reporting schedule for aptitude grades and comments written in a full report. The Head of Learning support attends parents' evenings and 'meet the form tutor' events to support staff and meet parents. There is a 'drop in' session for the parents of Year 6 students who are due to move to the Senior School where both Heads of Learning Support are present.

# 18 Useful Support Organisations-

Dyslexia Association of Bexley, Bromley, Greenwich and Lewisham (www.dyslexiawise.co.uk)

British Dyslexia Association (www.bdadyslexia.org.uk)

Dyslexia Action (www.dyslexiaaction.org.uk)

Dyspraxia Foundation (www.dyspraxiafoundation.org.uk)

ADHD Foundation (www.adhdfoundation.org.uk)

Patoss (www.patoss-dyslexia.org)

National Autistic Society (www.autism.org.uk)

Bromley Mental Health and Wellbeing Toolkit <a href="https://spark.adobe.com/page/H2FLvy4xnCpFj/">https://spark.adobe.com/page/H2FLvy4xnCpFj/</a>

# 19 Student Participation

The Code of Practice recognises that schools should show sensitivity, honesty and mutual respect when encouraging students to share their concerns. The ways in which students are encouraged to do this should reflect the student's evolving maturity. Students are actively encouraged to be independent learners and to reflect on how they manage their learning in the classroom.

### 20 Health and Safety

The Learning Support staff are under a legal obligation to co-operate fully in health and safety matters by ensuring that all areas are safe for themselves and others in line with the school's Health and Safety Policy. They are also required to act in a safe way themselves, following the school's recommended procedures and reporting any hazardous conditions or concerns to the relevant line manager or Head of Learning Support for onward communication to the Facilities Team.

# Appendix 1 – Graduated Response at Eltham College

Universal – academic (available to all)	Targeted – academic (available to some)	Specialist
Differentiation within the lesson	Setting for specific groups (Junior School)	Specialist professionals: occupational therapist,
Differentiated homework tasks	Strategies for individuals e.g. time out cards	paediatrician etc.
Visual aids (e.g. visual timetables, reading rulers, reminders)	Targeted support for specific groups for literacy/numeracy (Junior School)	Counselling
Use of writing frames, scaffolding tasks	Student passports/student profiles	
Clear and explicit modelling of skills by teacher	Access arrangements in tests and exams	
Access to homework/subject clubs (Senior School	1:1 withdrawal for specialist teaching	
only)	Flexible timetabling/flexible curriculum (Senior	
Revision classes	School)	
Study skills classes with Elevate Education (Senior	Use of ICT/laptop for classwork and homework	
School only)	Targeted study skills support for specific students	
Structured routines, clear expectations and boundaries, clear system of sanctions and rewards	In class support	
PSHE/Wellbeing programme (e.g. understanding discrimination and stereotypes, coping with emotions, resilience etc.)		
Lunch clubs in Learning Support		



Universal – pastoral (available to all)	Targeted – pastoral (available to some)
Peer mentoring support in Junior School and for	Time out for medical conditions
Year 7 students in Senior School	Friendship group support
Support from Form Tutor (e.g. organisational skills)	
Support from Section Head (Senior School)	
Support from school nursing staff	
Encouragement towards extra-curricular activities	